Welcome!

Everything undergraduate students need to know about seeking a research position for experience

NACS DEI COMMITTEE

Seeks to advocate for and support individuals historically excluded from scientific or academic opportunities on the basis of their ethnicity, race, gender, sexual orientation, first-generation, and/or disability status.

INCREASING DIVERSITY IN NEUROSCIENCE
NACS PhD Program

UMD DEI GROUPS

- Office of Diversity and Inclusion (ODI)
- Office of Graduate Diversity and Inclusion (OGDI)
- Multicultural Involvement Community Advocacy (MICA)
- Office of Multi-Ethnic Student Education (OMSE)

- LGBTQ+ Equity Center
  (Ranked Nation's No. 1)
- Nyumburu Cultural Center for Black Culture
- Black Student Involvement
- LatinX Student Involvement
- Asian, Pacific Islander, and Desi American Student Involvement
- Native American and Indigenous Student Involvement

UNIVERSITY OF
MARYLAND

Who are we?

NACS DEI Committee Members
Rachel Thompson, PhD student @ Language, Music, and Cognition Lab (PI: Bob Slevc)
Mine Muezzinoglu, PhD student @ Language Development Lab (PI: Rochelle Newman) &
Language, Music, and Cognition Lab (PI: Bob Slevc)
Isabel Wilder, PhD student @ Neurocognitive Development Lab (PI: Tracy Riggins)
Sarah Perry, PhD student @ Roesch Lab (PI: Matt Roesch)

Undergraduate Research Assistants:
Aditi Mohapatra @ Language Development Lab (PI: Rochelle Newman), Food
Microbiology Lab (PI: Debabrata Biswas) & Calcium Signaling Lab (Washington DC
Veterans Affairs Hospital)
Ashley Pocasangre @ Child Development Lab (PI: Nathan Fox)
Srinidhi Arumugam @ Child Development Lab (PI: Nathan Fox)
Sue Goh @ Clinical and Cognitive Neuroscience Laboratory (PI: Ed Bernat)
Adam Addi @ Clinical and Cognitive Neuroscience Laboratory (PI: Ed Bernat)

Overview of Session

Motivation to join:
- **Why join a lab? And, how to start *early*?**
- **How you benefit the labs & how they will benefit you?**

General info about labs:
- **How do labs work? How are they structured?**
- **What kind of labs are there?**
- **What are some opportunities once you are in a lab? (i.e., scholarships, research days, conferences etc)**

How to join:
- **How to join a lab? (i.e., initial contacts via emails, CVs)**
- **How to interview for undergraduate RAship positions**

Ask questions during the panel!!

Why join a lab?

Helps prepare for research-based graduate work

✔ **Develop research relationships** (e.g., letter writers)

✔ **Enhance knowledge:** asking good research questions & gain knowledge

✔ **Develop skills:** collecting, processing, and analyzing data

✔ **Dissemination:** posters, theses, and/or papers

Finding your next job

✔ post-bac RA positions, lab manager, PhD student, OR other jobs

Help make career decisions

How do you and labs benefit from this relationship?

- **You are very valuable for the labs!** Often a first 'job'.
- **You do important tasks** like data collection & processing.
- **2-way beneficial relationship** (i.e., apprentice model)

- **Starting early is important!** It takes time to train & be useful.
- **Apply early!** Don't take it personally if you don't get it.
- **Self-advocacy & knowing about your goals**

How Labs Work: Lab Group Structure

- **People**
  - PI (Principal Investigator)
  - Associated faculty
  - Lab manager/techs
  - Postdocs
  - Grad Students
  - Postbaccs
  - UGRAs

How do they operate?

  - Assigned to work on a project with PI, faculty, postdoc or graduate student
    - (check lab websites for ongoing projects/lab research interests!)
  - Regular Lab meetings/Project meetings

How Labs Work: Skills can you learn

- **Programming**
  - Statistics
  - Languages (e.g., Matlab, Python)
- **Data Collection**
  - e.g., Electrophysiology, participant interaction
- **Data Analysis**
- **Dissemination**
  - Undergraduate Research Day
  - Posters/Papers/Theses

- **Grant writing and administration**
  - Developing ideas
  - Proposing new projects

- **Professional development**
  - Career choices
  - Different paths to goals

How Labs Work: Paths to Research Opportunities

Funding

- Volunteer
- Work-study
- Research credit
- Summer scholarships/Fellowships, etc. (UMD-often paid, others)
- Paid Positions (often limited)

NOTE: People often serve in multiple ways across their time in a lab.

How Labs Work: Things to Apply For

Things undergrad students can apply for:

- Summer Research Programs (SRPs, Maryland Summer Scholars)
- BSOS Summer Research Initiative (SRI)
- UMD McNair Scholars Program
- REACH (Research Equity and Access in Communication and Hearing)
- MINDs (Mid-Atlantic Diversity Scholars Program)
- Look around!

Questions?

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab

What Kind of Lab?

Finding the right lab begins with asking yourself what kind of lab you want to devote your time to.

- **Basic Research** - aims to understand how nature works.
- **Translational Research** - aims to adapt what's learned in basic research and apply it to developing solutions to medical problems.
- **Clinical Research** - aims to investigate these options or solutions through clinical trials.

They work together to create a continuous research cycle that converts ideas into action in the form of novel therapies and tests, as well as progresses cutting-edge advancements from the lab bench to the patient's bedside and back.

What Kind of Lab?

Basic Research

- **Animals** (Rodents, Flies, Zebrafish, Sea Slugs, Worms, Squirrels, Cats, Bats, Owls, Non-Human Primates)
  - **Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience** explores the genes, proteins, and other molecules that guide how neurons function.
  - **Developmental Neuroscience** describes how the brain forms, grows, and changes.
  - **Neurophysiology** describes the study of the nervous system itself and how it functions.
  - **Neurogenetics** focuses on inherited changes to neurons, including studies of certain genetic diseases, such as Huntington's disease and Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
  - **Systems Neuroscience** identifies how neurons form networks; encode or decode information about the external world or our internal states.

NICHD; NYU Langone Health

What Kind of Lab?

Basic Research

- **Humans**
  - **Cognitive Neuroscience** is about how the brain creates and controls thought, language, problem-solving, and memory.
  - **Cognitive Science** is about understanding how the mind represents and manipulates knowledge and how mental representations and processes are realized in the brain.
  - **Behavioral Neuroscience** examines the brain areas and processes underlying how animals and humans act.
- **Computational**
  - **Computational Neuroscience** advances our understanding of information processing in the brain and often work in tandem with experimental neuroscientists to continually refine their models.

What Kind of Lab?

Translational Research

- **Translational Neuroscience** **(Animals and Humans)**
  - Focuses on understanding how basic neuroscience findings relate to disease states, testing theories of disease progression, and developing novel strategies for putative therapies.

Clinical Research

- **Clinical Neuroscience** **(Humans)**
  - Explores how to treat and prevent neurological disorders by applying the most current approaches to provide top-of-the-line care to patients.

Where to Find a Lab?

Finding Laboratories of Interest at UMD:

- **Search UMD College's or Department's List of Principal Investigators (PIs)/Faculty.**
  - Example: UMD NACS PhD Program - List of [Principal Investigators]() and [Adjunct Faculty]()
- **Look into the graduate research databases at UMD.**
  - Example: UMD Office of Undergraduate Research - Maryland Opportunities for Research Experiences ([MORE]())
- **Subscribe to blogs.**
  - Example: UMD [PSYC E-News Blog]() and UMD [Neuroscience Blog]()

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Initial email contact
- o PI, grad student, or contact listed in posting
- o Contact early (1st year is not too soon!)
- o If not accepted at first – gain skills and keep applying!

Keep your emails short and informational
- o <u>Make sure your email matches the lab description!</u>
- o Describe what you're interested in and why
- o Share what skills you can bring to the lab

Additional information
- o Do what they ask (e.g. application online).
- o Develop CV
  - ● UMD Career Center

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Keep it concise

Dear Dr. _____,

My name is Isabel Wilder, and I'm currently a sophomore in the Neuroscience Major. I'm looking for research opportunities and I am particularly interested in your lab because I hope to study the underlying neurobiological mechanisms of perception. I became fascinated in this topic while taking Neuroscience 101, where I learned about how attention can change sensory perception. I have since taken Neuroscience 201, where I gained experience in basic wet lab techniques, and learned about methods such as electrophysiology and optogenetics. In the future, I am considering applying to graduate school and I hope to study perceptual plasticity and learning using these tools, which is why I believe your lab could be a good fit.

If you are looking for new undergraduate students, I would greatly appreciate it if you would consider my application. I have also attached my CV for reference.

Thanks for your time, and I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Introduce yourself

Dear Dr. _____,

My name is Isabel Wilder, and I'm currently a sophomore in the Neuroscience Major. I'm looking for research opportunities and I am particularly interested in your lab because I hope to study the underlying neurobiological mechanisms of perception. I became fascinated in this topic while taking Neuroscience 101, where I learned about how attention can change sensory perception. I have since taken Neuroscience 201, where I gained experience in basic wet lab techniques, and learned about methods such as electrophysiology and optogenetics. In the future, I am considering applying to graduate school and I hope to study perceptual plasticity and learning using these tools, which is why I believe your lab could be a good fit.

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Thanks for your time, and I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Dear Dr. _____,

Include how/why you're interested in the topic

My name is Isabel Wilder, and I'm currently a sophomore in the Neuroscience Major. I'm looking for research opportunities and I am particularly interested in your lab because I hope to study the underlying neurobiological mechanisms of perception. I became fascinated in this topic while taking Neuroscience 101, where I learned about how attention can change sensory perception. I have since taken Neuroscience 201, where I gained experience in basic wet lab techniques, and learned about methods such as electrophysiology and optogenetics. In the future, I am considering applying to graduate school and I hope to study perceptual plasticity and learning using these tools, which is why I believe your lab could be a good fit.

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Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Mention any relevant research/class experience

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Thanks for your time, and I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Dear Dr. _____,

Mention interest in a specific technique/question

My name is Isabel Wilder, and I'm currently a sophomore in the Neuroscience Major. I'm looking for research opportunities and I am particularly interested in your lab because I hope to study the underlying neurobiological mechanisms of perception. I became fascinated in this topic while taking Neuroscience 101, where I learned about how attention can change sensory perception. I have since taken Neuroscience 201, where I gained experience in basic wet lab techniques, and learned about methods such as electrophysiology and optogenetics. In the future, I am considering applying to graduate school and I hope to study perceptual plasticity and learning using these tools, which is why I believe your lab could be a good fit.

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Thanks for your time, and I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Contacting the lab

Example email template

Dear Dr. _____,

Thanks them for their time/consideration

My name is Isabel Wilder, and I'm currently a sophomore in the Neuroscience Major. I'm looking for research opportunities and I am particularly interested in your lab because I hope to study the underlying neurobiological mechanisms of perception. I became fascinated in this topic while taking Neuroscience 101, where I learned about how attention can change sensory perception. I have since taken Neuroscience 201, where I gained experience in basic wet lab techniques, and learned about methods such as electrophysiology and optogenetics. In the future, I am considering applying to graduate school and I hope to study perceptual plasticity and learning using these tools, which is why I believe your lab could be a good fit.

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Sincerely,
Isabel Wilder

Process of Finding and Joining a Lab: Interview

What the lab may ask about you

- Any previous skills, projects, presentations
- Your goals, motivations for joining
- Time commitment

Approach this like a real interview!

What you should ask about the lab

- What **projects** will I work on/who will I work with?
  - Does this research suit your interests and motivate you to go to the lab?
- What kinds of **activities** can I participate in?
  - Research Activities: Data collection, lab meetings, conferences, etc.
  - Research dissemination: posters, presentations, papers (over the long term)
- What is the lab **environment** like?
  - What kind of relationship does the supervisor have with their lab members?
  - Do lab members collaborate with each other?

Questions?

Your Turn to Ask Questions!

NACS DEI Committee Members
Rachel Thompson, PhD student @ Language, Music, and Cognition Lab
Mine Muezzinoglu, PhD student @ Language Development Lab & Language, Music, and Cognition Lab
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Sue Goh @ Clinical and Cognitive Neuroscience Lab (PI: Ed Bernat)
Adam Addi @ Clinical and Cognitive Neuroscience Lab (PI: Ed Bernat)

Please don't hesitate to reach out to us; we would love to know more about you and your aspirations to contribute to the fields of neuroscience and cognitive science research.

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nacs@umd.edu